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2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Benjah

	Water System Name	
Ms 0060003	nunity Water Systems included in this (
List PWS ID #s for all Comm	nunity Water Systems included in this (CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Co Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or procedures when distributing the CCR.	on the condition served but he DIA	b) to develop and distribute a Consumer
CCR DISTRIBUTION	N (Check all boxes that apply.)	3
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication	on, water bill or other)	DATE (SSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement	nt)	
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below,)	
Other	H.	
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, w	vater bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		
Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email mess	sage	
O Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CC	CR or proof of publication)	
* Posted online at the following address (F. 14 St.	JAIL DOS JE SEC TOUS	in Staba
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct UPL):	action to the contract of the	YI SIDKE
hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the curabove and that I used distribution methods allowed by the S and correct and is consistent with the water quality menitori Water Supply. Naple	ng data provided to the PWS office	motion included in this own !
SUBMISSION OPTIC	NS (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email, fax (not preferred), or ma	il a copy of the CCR and Certific	ation to the MSDH.
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply	Email: water.reports@msdf	n.ms.gov
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)

CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: BY JULY 1, 2021

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Beulah PWS ID# 0060003 June 2021

We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Included are details about from where your water comes, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water and to providing you with this information, because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is groundwater. Our wells draw from the Catahoula Formation.

A Source Water Assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of the drinking water supply and to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water supply and is available upon request. The wells for The Town of Beulah have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water, please contact Mayor Loretta Benson at 662-759-6758. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held at 6:00 P.M. on the Second Tuesday of each month at town hall.

We routinely monitor for over 150 contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected in the last round of sampling for the particular contaminant group. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 through December 31, (2020). As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. All drinking water, including bottled water may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) - One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L) - One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Mccimum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant (units)	Sample Date	MCL Violation Y/N	Your Water	Range Low High	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium (ppm)	*2018	N	0.04	NO RANGE	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	*2018	N	0.6	NO RANGE	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm) ad and Copper Cont	*2018	N	0.276	NO RANGE	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

Contaminant (units)	Sample Date	Your Water	# of sites found above the AL	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper (ppm) (90th percentile)	*01/01/2017	0,5	0	1,3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (ppb) (90th percentile) isinfectants and D	*01/01/2017 12/31/2019	1	0	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

MCL/MRDL Your Range Contaminant (units) Your Range Violation Water Low MCLG MCL Likely Source of Contamination Y/N (AVG) High HAA5 (ppb) [Total Haloacetic NO \mathbf{N} By-product of drinking water 2 N/A 60 RANGE Acids] disinfection Chlorine (ppm) MRDLG N MRDL Water additive used to control 0.74 0.57-0.86 **-4** microbes

Contaminant (units)	Sample Date	MCL Violation Y/N	Your Water	Range Low High	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Sodium (ppb)	*2019	N	130000	NO RANGE	None	None	Road Salt, Water treatment Chemicals, Water Softeness and Sewage Effluents

*Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020 Violations

Violation	Facility	Violation Period	Contaminant or Rule	Public Notice
71- CCR REPORT		07/01/2020 - 08/17/2020	Consumer Confidence Rule	Not Complete

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

During a sanitary survey conducted on 11/19/2014, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

Category: Water System Management and Operations

Significant Deficiency:

Inadequate security measures

Corrective Actions: This system is scheduled for enforcement actions, to bring it back into compliance by 6/30/2021.

During a sanitary survey conducted on 12/14/2017, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

Category: Water System Management/Operations

Significant Deficiency: Inadequate follow up on previous deficiencies

Corrective Actions: This system is scheduled for enforcement actions, to bring it back into compliance by 6/30/2021.

During a sanitary survey conducted on 12/14/2017, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

Category: Water System Management/Operations

Significant Deficiency: No approved emergency response plan or vulnerability assessment

Corrective Actions: This system is scheduled for enforcement actions, to bring it back into compliance by 6/30/2021.

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any samples prior to the end of the monitoring period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Beulah is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576,7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The Town of Beulah works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.